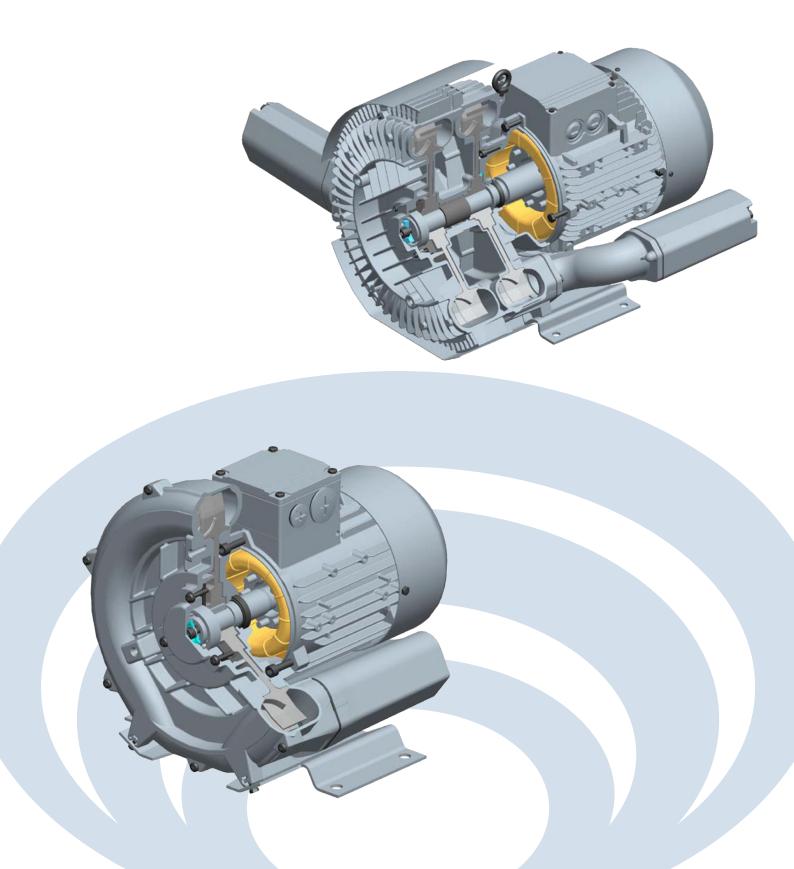


SIDE CHANNEL VACUUM PUMP COMPRESSORS

S(ingle) & D(ouble) SERIES OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

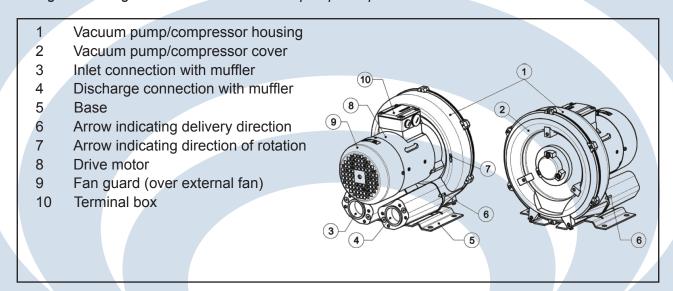




Contents

1 Safety	3
1.1 Definition	3
1.1.1 Safety alert symbol	3
1.1.2 Signal words	3
1.2 General safety precautions	3
1.3 Residual risks	6
2 Intended Use	7
3 Technical Data	8
3.1 Mechanical data	8
3.2 Electrical data	12
3.3 Operating conditions	12
4 Transport and Handling	13
5 Installation	14
5.1 Installation	15
5.2 Electrical connection (motor)	17
5.3 Connecting pipes/hoses (vacuum pump/compressor)	19
5.3.1 Inlet connection	20
5.3.2 Discharge connection	21
5.3.3 Procedure when connecting pipes/hoses	21
6 Commissioning	21
6.1 Preparation	22
6.2 Start-up and shut-down	23
7 Operation	23
8 Shut-Down and Longer Standstills	24
8.1 Preparing for shut-down or longer standstill	24
8.2 Storage conditions	24
9 Servicing	25
9.1 Repairs/troubleshooting	26
9.2 Service/After-sales service	27
9.3 Decontamination and Declaration of Clearance	27
10 Disposal	27
11 Exploded view/ Spare part list	28

Fig. 1: Design of side channel vacuum pump/compressor





1 Safety

1.1 Definitions

To point out dangers and important information the following signal words and symbols are used in these operating instructions:

1.1.1 Safety alert symbol

The safety alert symbol is located in the safety precautions in the highlighted heading field on the left next to the signal word (DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION).

Safety precautions with a safety alert symbol indicate a danger of injuries.

Be sure to follow these safety precautions to protect against injuries or death!
Safety precautions without a safety alert symbol indicate a danger of damage.

1.1.2 Signal words

DANGER WARNING CAUTION NOTICE NOTE The signal words are located in the safety precautions in the highlighted heading field.

They follow a certain hierarchy and indicate (in conjunction with the safety alert symbol, see Chapter 1.1.1) the seriousness of the danger and the type of warning.

See the following explanations:

⚠ DANGER

Danger of injuries.

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation, that will result in death or serious injury if the corresponding measures are not taken.

MARNING

Danger of injuries.

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, that could result in death or serious injury if the corresponding measures are not taken.

A CAUTION

Danger of injuries.

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, that may result in minor or moderate injury if the corresponding measures are not taken.

A CAUTION

Danger of damage

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that may result in property damage if the corresponding measures are not taken.

NOTICE

Indicates a possible **disadvantage**, i.e. undesirable conditions or consequences can occur if the corresponding measures are not taken.

NOTE

Indicates a possible **advantage** if the corresponding measures are taken; tip.

1.2 General safety precautions

⚠ WARNING

Improper use of the unit can result in serious or even fatal injuries!

These operating instructions

- must have been read completely and understood before beginning any work with or at the pump-motor unit,
- · must be strictly observed,
- must be available at the operating location of the pump-motor unit.

MARNING

Improper use of the unit can result in serious or even fatal injuries!

Only operate the pump-motor unit

- for the purposes indicated under "Intended Use"!
- with the fluids indicated under 'Intended Use'!
- with the values indicated under 'Technical Data'



↑ WARNING

Improper use of the unit can result in serious or even fatal injuries!

All work on and with the pump-motor unit (transport, installation, operation, shut-down, maintenance, disposal) may only be carried out by trained, reliable, expert personnel!

⚠ WARNING

When working on the unit, there is a danger of injury, e.g. in the form of cuts/ cutting off, crushing and burns!

During all work on and with the pumpmotor unit (transport, installation, operation, shutdown, maintenance, disposal) wear personal safety equipment (safety helmet, protective gloves, safety shoes)!

⚠ WARNING

Hair and clothing can be pulled into the unitor caught and wound up moving parts!

Do not wear long, loose hair or wide, loose clothes! Use a hair net!

A DANGER

Electrical danger!

Work on electrical installations may be carried out by trained and authorized electricians only!

⚠ DANGER

Electrical danger!

Before beginning work on the unit or system, the following measures must be carried out:

- · Deenergize.
- Secure against being switched on again.
- · Determine whether deenergized.
- Ground and short-circuit.
- Cover or block off adjacent energized parts.

A DANGER

Electrical danger!

Do not open the motor terminal box until absence of electricity has been ensured!

↑ WARNING

Danger due to vacuum and gauge pressure: sudden escape of fluids (skin and eye injuries), sudden drawing in of hair and clothing!

Danger due to escaping fluid: Burns!

Use mounting elements, connections, lines, fittings and containers with sufficient freedom from leaks and strength for the pressures which occur. Check the mounting elements, connections, lines, fittings and containers for strength, leaks and firm seating at regular intervals!

⚠ WARNING

Danger from rotating parts (external fan,impeller, shaft):

Cutting/cutting off of extremities,
Grasping/winding up of hair and clothing!

Danger due to vacuum and gauge pressure: sudden escape of fluids (skin and eye injuries), sudden drawing in of hair and clothing!

Danger due to escaping fluid: Burns!

Start-up and operation only under the following conditions:

- The pump-motor unit must be completely assembled. When doing so, pay particular attention to the following components:
 - the vacuum pump/compressor cover,
 - the muffler on inlet and discharge connection
 - the fan guard.
- The pipes/hoses must be connected to inlet and discharge connections.
- Inlet and discharge connections and the connected pipes/hoses may not be closed, clogged or soiled.
- Check the mounting elements, connections of the pipe/hose connections, lines, fittings and containers for strength, leaks and firm seating at regular intervals.



↑ WARNING

Danger from rotating parts (external fan,impeller, shaft):

Cutting/cutting off of extremities, Grasping/winding up of hair and clothing!

Danger due to vacuum and gauge pressure: sudden escape of fluids (skin and eye injuries), sudden drawing in of hair and clothing!

Danger due to escaping fluid: Burns!

Before beginning work on the pump-motor unit, take the following measures:

- Shut down pump-motor unit and secure against being switched on again.
- Attach a sign on the system controller and on the control elements for the pump-motor unit: DANGER! Maintenance work on vacuum pump/compressor! Do not switch
- Wait for pump-motor unit to come to a complete stop. Observe run-on time!
- · Allow pump-motor unit to cool!
- Shut-off lines. Release pressure.
- Make sure that no vacuum or gauge pressure is present in the lines/tanks to be opened.
- Make sure that no fluids can escape.

↑ WARNING

Danger from rotating impeller: Cutting/cutting of off extremities!

The rotating impeller is accessible with the inlet and discharge connections open!

Do not reach into the unit through open fan connections!

Do not insert objects into the unit through the openings!

↑ WARNING

Danger from rotating impeller: Cutting/cutting of off extremities!

The rotating impeller is accessible with the inlet and discharge connections open!
With free entry and exit of gases, i.e. with direct intake out of or direct feeding into the atmosphere without piping, the following therefore applies:

Provide the inlet and discharge connections of the pump-motor unit either with additional mufflers or with additional piping of a sufficient length to prevent access to the impeller!

⚠ WARNING

Danger of burns from hot surfaces of the pump-motor unit and from hot fluids!

High temperatures of up to approx. 160°C can occur on the surface of the pump motor unit. Cover the pump-motor unit with a suitable touch protection (e.g. perforated plate cover or wire cover). Do not touch during operation! Allow to cool after shut-down!



1.3 Residual risks

↑ WARNING

Danger zone:

Hot surface up to approx. 160°C.

Hazard:

Possible burns

Protective measures:

Cover the pump-motor unit with a suitable touch protection (e.g. perforated plate cover or wire cover)

⚠ WARNING

Danger zone:

Fan guard

Hazard:

Long, loose hair can be drawn into external through fan guard grate, even with fan guard mounted!

Protective measures:

Wear hair net!

↑ WARNING

Danger zone:

Missing or defective muffler inlet or discharge connection.

Hazard:

Possible serious hearing damage due to emitted noise.

Protective measures:

Have missing or defective mufflers replaced. Conduct a noise measurement in the system after installing the pump-motor unit.

The following measures can be taken from 85 dB(A) and must be taken from 90 dB(A):

- Mark noise area with a warning sign.
- · Wear hearing protection.

MARNING

Danger zone:

Environment of pump-motor unit.

Hazard:

Possible serious hearing damage due to emitted noise.

Protective measures:

Conduct a noise measurement in the system during operation after installing the pumpmotor unit.

The following measures can be taken from 85 dB(A) and must be taken from 90 dB(A):

- · Mark noise area with a warning sign.
- Wear hearing protection.
- With free entry and exit of gases, i.e. with direct intake out of or direct feeding into the atmosphere without piping, attach an additional muffler.



2 Intended use

These operating instructions:

- apply to side channel vacuum pumps/ compressors of the EVSC S and D series,
- contains instructions bearing on transport and handling, installation, commissioning, operation, shut-down, storage, servicing and disposal of the EVSC S and D series.
- must be completely read and understood by all operating and servicing personnel before beginning to work with or on the EVSC S and D series,
- must be strictly observed,
- must be available at the site of operation of the EVSC S and D series.

About the operating and servicing personnel of the EVSC S and D series:

- These persons must be trained and authorized for the work to be carried out.
- Work on electrical installations may be carried out by trained and authorized electricians only.

The EVSC S and D series:

- are pump-motor units for generating vacuum or gauge pressure;
- are used to extract, pump and compress the following gases:
 - Air,
 - Non-flammable, non-aggressive, nontoxic and non-explosive gases or gas-air mixtures.
 - With differing gases/gas-air mixtures, inquire with the Service Department.
- are equipped with one of the following kind of drive motors:
 - 3-phase AC drive motor with a standard design
- Single-phase AC drive motor
 These operating instructions apply only to pump-motor units with a standard design.
- · exist in the following designs:
 - single-impeller
 - two-impeller

The two-impeller pump-motor units in turn differ in the following designs:

- two-stage design (for increased pressure difference)
- double-flow design (for increased feed volume)
- are intended for industrial applications,
- are designed for continuous operation.
 With an increased switch-on frequency or an increased gas entry and ambient temperature, the limit overtemperature of the winding and the bearing can be exceeded.
 Consultation with the Service Department is required for operating conditions of this kind.

When operating the EVSC, the limits listed in Chapter 3, "Technical Data", Pg. 8 must always be complied with.

Foreseeable Misuse

It is prohibited:

- to use the EVSC S and D series in applications other than industrial applications unless the necessary protection is provided on the system, e.g. guards suitable for children's fingers;
- to use the device in rooms in which explosive gases can occur as the EVSC S and D series is not intended for this purpose;
- to extract, to deliver and to compress explosive, flammable, corrosive or toxic fluids, unless the EVSC is specifically designed for this purpose;
- to operate the EVSC with values other than those specified in Chapter 3,Technical Data, Pg. 8.

Any unauthorized modifications of the EVSC series are prohibited for safety reasons. The operator is only permitted to perform the maintenance and service work described in these operating instructions.

Any maintenance and service work which goes beyond this may only be performed by companies authorized by the manufacturer (inquire with the Service Department).



3.0 Technical data

3.1 Mechanical data

Weight

The weight of the EVSC pumps can be found in the catalog.

Minimum distances

Minimum distance to fan guard (for sucking in cooling air): **50 mm**.

Minimum distances to face of vacuum pump/ compressor cover: **40 mm**.

Noise level

The noise levels of the EVSC pumps can be found in the catalog.

Measuring-surface sound-pressure level as per DIN 45635, T13, measured at a distance of 1 m at an operating point of approximately 2/3 of the permissible total pressure difference with the lines connected without a vacuum or pressure relief valve.

Temperature increase

The information listed in the following tables corresponds to the heating of vacuum pump/ compressor housings and the air exiting compared to the ambient temperature during operation with a permissible total pressure difference and an air pressure of 1,013 mbar. At lower air pressures these values increase.



Single-impeller design at a frequency of 50Hz

Single-impeller design at a frequency of 60Hz

frequency of 50Hz		frequency of 60Hz	
Туре	Temperature increase ΔΤ [°K/°C]	Туре	Temperature increase ΔT [°K/°C]
EVSC-S20xx	ca. 32	EVSC-S20xx	ca. 25
EVSC-S21xx	ca. 32	EVSC-S21xx	ca. 60
EVSC-S23xx	ca. 27	EVSC-S23xx	ca. 25
EVSC-S24xx	ca. 44	EVSC-S24xx	ca. 56
EVSC-S30xx	ca. 35	EVSC-S30xx	ca. 32
EVSC-S31xx	ca. 42	EVSC-S31xx	ca. 48
EVSC-S32xx	ca. 56	EVSC-S32xx	ca. 64
EVSC-S33xx	ca. 56	EVSC-S33xx	ca. 70
EVSC-S40xx	ca. 37	EVSC-S40xx	ca. 30
EVSC-S41xx	ca. 54	EVSC-S41xx	ca. 50
EVSC-S42xx	ca. 65	EVSC-S42xx	ca. 75
EVSC-S43xx.	ca. 30	EVSC-S43xx	ca. 27
EVSC-S44xx	ca. 57	EVSC-S44xx	ca. 51
EVSC-S45xx	ca. 80	EVSC-S45xx	ca. 77
EVSC-S50xx	ca. 30	EVSC-S50xx	ca. 22
EVSC-S51xx	ca. 46	EVSC-S51xx	ca. 36
EVSC-S52xx	ca. 59	EVSC-S52xx	ca. 50
EVSC-S53xx	ca. 95	EVSC-S53xx	ca. 82
EVSC-S54xx	ca. 25	EVSC-S54xx	ca. 23
EVSC-S55xx	ca. 46	EVSC-S55xx	ca. 33
EVSC-S56xx	ca. 66	EVSC-S56xx	ca. 65
EVSC-S57xx	ca. 95	EVSC-S57xx	ca. 100
EVSC-S60xx	ca. 30	EVSC-S60xx	ca. 34
EVSC-S61xx	ca. 56	EVSC-S61xx	ca.60
EVSC-S62xx	ca. 83	EVSC-S62xx	ca. 90
EVSC-S63xx	ca. 35	EVSC-S63xx	ca. 42
EVSC-S64xx	ca. 65	EVSC-S64xx	ca. 71
EVSC-S65xx	ca. 110	EVSC-S65xx	ca. 110
EVSC-S70xx	ca. 27	EVSC-S70xx	ca. 20
EVSC-S71xx	ca. 63	EVSC-S71xx	ca. 40
EVSC-S72xx	ca. 77	EVSC-S72xx	ca. 80
EVSC-S73xx	ca. 107	EVSC-S73xx	ca. 85
EVSC-S74xx	ca. 35	EVSC-S74xx	ca. 30
EVSC-S75xx	ca. 65	EVSC-S75xx	ca. 55
EVSC-S76xx	ca. 120	EVSC-S76xx	ca. 70
EVSC-S77xx	ca. 120	EVSC-S77xx	ca. 107
EVSC-S80xx	ca. 40	EVSC-S80xx	ca. 40
EVSC-S81xx	ca. 67	EVSC-S81xx	ca. 85
EVSC-S82xx	ca. 120	EVSC-S82xx	ca. 105
EVSC-S83xx	ca. 60	EVSC-S85xx	ca. 70
EVSC-S84xx	ca. 60	EVSC-S90xx	ca. 35
EVSC-S85xx	ca. 60	EVSC-S91xx	ca. 68
EVSC-S90xx	ca. 36	EVSC-S92xx	ca. 100
EVSC-S91xx	ca. 83	EVSC-S95xx	ca. 89
EVSC-S92xx	ca. 110		
EVSC-S93xx	ca. 116		
EVSC-S94xx	ca. 116		
EVSC-S95xx	ca. 116		



Two-impeller design at a frequency of 50Hz

Two-impeller design at a frequency of 60Hz

rrequency of 50Hz		rrequency or 60Hz	
Type	Temperature increase	Туре	Temperature increase
	ΔT [°K/°C]		ΔT [°K/°C]
EVSC-D20xx	ca. 53	EVSC-D20xx	ca. 74
EVSC-D30xx	ca. 60	EVSC-D30xx	ca. 60
EVSC-D31xx	ca. 65	EVSC-D31xx	ca. 65
EVSC-D40xx	ca. 68	EVSC-D40xx	ca. 65
EVSC-D41xx	ca. 83	EVSC-D41xx	ca. 82
EVSC-D50xx	ca. 88	EVSC-D50xx	ca. 80
EVSC-D51xx	ca. 90	EVSC-D51xx	ca. 94
EVSC-D70xx	ca. 33	EVSC-D70xx	ca. 30
EVSC-D71xx	ca. 54	EVSC-D71xx	ca. 48
EVSC-D72xx	ca. 80	EVSC-D72xx	ca. 75
EVSC-D73xx	ca. 105	EVSC-D73xx	ca. 88
EVSC-D74xx	ca. 120	EVSC-D74xx	ca. 130
EVSC-D75xx	ca. 20	EVSC-D75xx	ca. 25
EVSC-D76xx	ca. 35	EVSC-D76xx	ca. 30
EVSC-D77xx	ca. 44	EVSC-D77xx	ca. 42
EVSC-D80xx	ca. 45	EVSC-D80xx	ca. 60
EVSC-D81xx	ca. 85	EVSC-D81xx	ca. 60
EVSC-D82xx	ca. 120	EVSC-D82xx	ca. 120
EVSC-D83xx	ca. 135	EVSC-D83xx	ca. 130
EVSC-D84xx	ca. 45	EVSC-D84xx	ca. 30
EVSC-D85xx	ca. 80	EVSC-D85xx	ca. 70
EVSC-D90xx	ca. 48	EVSC-D90xx	ca. 46
EVSC-D91xx	ca. 95	EVSC-D91xx	ca. 76
EVSC-D92xx	ca. 120	EVSC-D92xx	ca. 134
EVSC-D93xx	ca. 120	EVSC-D93xx	ca. 134
EVSC-D94xx	ca. 95	EVSC-D94xx	ca. 95
EVSC-D95xx	ca. 115	EVSC-D95xx	ca. 115
EVSC-D96xx	ca. 120	EVSC-D96xx	ca. 120
EVSC-D97xx	ca. 32	EVSC-D97xx	ca. 30
EVSC-D98xx	ca. 60	EVSC-D98xx	ca. 45
EVSC-D99xx	ca. 100	EVSC-D99xx	ca. 65



With non-electriapproxl connections, property classes of 8.8 and 8 or higher as per DIN ISO 898 (DIN EN 20898 / DIN ISO 898) are assumed



Tightening torques for non-electrical connections

Thread	Nm		
M4	3 ± 0.3		
M5	4 ± 0.4		
M6	8 ± 0.8		
M8	24 ± 2.4		
M10	42 ± 4.2		
M12	70 ± 7.0		

The following information for electrical connection applies to all terminal board connections with the exception of terminal strips.



Tightening torques for electrical connections

Thread	Nm		
M4	0.8 - 1.2		
M5	1.8 - 2.5		

Especially for metal and plastic threaded cable glands and pipe unions, the following values apply:



Tightening torques for metal threaded glands/unions

Thread	Nm	
	min	max
M12x1.5	4	6
M16x1.5	5	7.5
M20x1.5	6	9
M32x1.5	8	12
M40x1.5	8	12



Tightening torques for plastic threaded glands/unions

Thread	Nm	
	min	max
M12x1.5	2	3.5
M16x1.5	3	4
M20x1.5	4	5
M32x1.5	5	7
M40x1.5	5	7



3.2 Electrical data

See rating plate.

3.3 Operating conditions

Temperatures

Temperature of max. Permissible temperature: pumped gases: +40 °C

> Nominal value: +15 °C

Pump-motor units for higher fluid temperatures on request.

Ambient temperature: max. permissible temperature: +40 °C

> -30 °C min. permissible temperature: Nominal value: +25 °C

Ambient temperatures between 25 °C and 40 °C affect the permissible total pressure difference (see Section "Permissible total pressure difference"). At higher temperatures the winding may be damaged and the grease change interval may be shortened.

Pressures

Min. inlet pressure: See rating plate. See rating plate.

Max. discharge pressure during compressor operation:

Max. permissible pressure in

pump-motor unit:

2 bar abs. At this pressure the operation of the pump-motor unit may be considerably impaired. Provide a corresponding protective

device (e.g. pressure relief valve) if necessary.

Permissible total pressure

difference:

The total pressure difference specified on the rating plate

only applies under the following conditions:

25°C Ambient temperature:

Inlet temperature temperature of pumped gases at inlet connection: 15°C

Pressure:

during vacuum-pump operation:

1,013 mbar at discharge connection;

during compressor operation:

1,013 mbar at inlet connection;

At an ambient temperature of 40 °C the total pressure difference specified on the rating plate must be reduced by 10%. If the ambient temperature is between 25 °C and 40 °C, then the total pressure difference specified on the rating plate must be reduced.



4 Transport and Handling

⚠ WARNING

Tipping or falling can lead to crushing, broken bones etc.! Sharp edges can cause cuts!

Wear personal safety equipment (gloves, safety shoes and protective helmet) during transport!

↑ WARNING

Danger from tipping or falling loads!

Prior to transport and handling make sure that all components are securely assembled and secure or remove all components the fasteners of which have been loosened!

Manual handling:

⚠ WARNING

Danger from lifting heavy loads!

Manual handling of the unit is permitted within limits:

 Please check your local and/or company regulations about maximum weights for manual handling.

For the weight of the pump-motor unit, see Chapter 3.1, "Mechanical data", Section "Weight", Pg. 8. For weights above the given values use suitable lifting appliances and handling equipment!

Handling by means of lifting equipment:

⚠ WARNING

Danger from tipping or falling loads! When transporting with lifting equipment, observe the following basic rules:

- The lifting capacity of lifting equipment and must be avoided. lifting gear must be at least equal to the unit's weight. For the weight of the pump see catalog
- The pump-motor unit must be secured so that it cannot tip or fall.
- · Do not stand or walk under suspended loads!

The transport must be carried out in different ways depending on the type:

- EVSC-x20xx > EVSC-x57xx (single-impeller):
 Manual handling
- EVSC-x60xx > EVSC-x96xx: Transport with crane, hooked onto eye bolt (1 attachment point)
- EVSC-D97xx > EVSC-D99xx: Transport with crane, hooked with lifting belts onto eye bolt and onto the holes in the two feet of the vacuum pump/compressor housing (3 attachment points).
- For transport with a crane, the pump-motor unit can be hooked into the crane hook as follows:
- directly on the eye bolt (With the eye bolt and the two foot holes should be used) or possibly with lifting belts.

Eye bolt:

Types with a weight of up to 30 kg are not equipped with an eye bolt.

Types with a weight of more than 30 kg [66 lbs] are equipped with an eye bolt as standard.

The eye bolt is mounted on the vacuum pump/compressor housing.

In case of possible removal and remounting of the eye bolt, it must be ensured that the eye level is positioned exactly in the axis direction of the pump-motor unit. Lay shims under the eye bolt if necessary.

The eye bolt must be firmly tightened. Loads laterally to the ring level are not permissible. Heavy impact loads during transport must be avoided.



5 Installation

⚠ WARNING

Improper use of the unit can result in serious or even fatal injuries!

Have you read the safety precautions Chapter 1, "Safety", Pg. 3. Otherwise you many not carry out with or on the pump-motor unit!

⚠ DANGER

Danger from missing view into area of pump-motor unit!

When operating the control elements without a view into the area of the pump-motor unit, there is a danger that the pump-motor unit will be switched on while other persons are still performing work on it. Extreme injuries are possible!

Provide control elements at a location with a view of the pump-motor unit.

⚠ DANGER

Electrical danger!

The pump-motor unit must be installed so that the electrical device cannot be damaged by external influences!

In particular, the feed pipes must be securely routed, e.g. in cable ducts, in the floor etc.

⚠ WARNING

Danger from balance damage caused by vibration!

Vibrating environments can cause balance damage!

Install the pump-motor unit on a solid foundation or on a solid mounting surface. Check screw glands/unions for mounting the pump-motor unit on the mounting surface regularly for strength and firm seating.

↑ WARNING

Danger from crushing due to pump-motor unit tipping over!

Wear personal safety equipment (protective gloves and safety shoes). Handle the unit with the appropriate care. Install the pumpmotor unit on a solid foundation or on a solid mounting surface! Check screw glands/unions for mounting the pump-motor unit on the mounting surface regularly for strength.

⚠ WARNING

Danger of fire from flammable substances!

The pump-motor unit must never come into contact with flammable substances. For exact information on the temperature increase, see Chapter 3.1, "Mechanical data", Section "Temperature increase", Pg. 8.

⚠ WARNING

Danger of burns from hot surfaces of the pump-motor unit and from hot fluids!

High temperatures of up to approx. 160°C can occur on the surface of the pump motor unit. The pump-motor unit must be installed so that accidental touch of its surface is not possible.

Cover the pump-motor unit with a suitable touch protection (e.g. perforated plate cover or wire cover).

⚠ WARNING

Danger of injuries from flying parts!

Select installation so that parts that are thrown out through the grate if the external fan breaks cannot hit persons!

A CAUTION

Danger of tripping and falling!

Make sure the unit does not present a danger of tripping. Lay cables and pipes so that they cannot be reached during operation (recessed in floor, in ducts on the wall etc.).



A CAUTION

Danger of overheating due to hot surface of pump-motor unit!

High temperatures can occur on the surface of the pump-motor unit.

Temperature sensitive parts, such as lines or electronic components, may not come into contact with the surface of the pump-motor unit.

The pump-motor unit is ready to connect on delivery. However, if the time from delivery to commissioning of the pump-motor unit exceeds a certain period, the lubrication of the rolling bearings must be renewed.

See Chapter 8.2, "Storage conditions", Section "Lubrication of rolling bearings after longer storage", Pg. 24 for information on this topic.

Carry out the following work to install the pump-motor unit:

- · Installation and securing,
- Attachment of the included loose muffler if necessary,
- Attachment of threaded flange or hose flange (available as accessories) for the connection of inlet or discharge pipe to the muffler,
- Electrical connection,
- Connection of inlet and discharge connection to the system.

5.1 Installation

⚠ WARNING

For an installation that differs from the following specifications, it is necessary to inquire with the Service Department!

Ambient conditions:

The pump-motor unit is suitable for installation in the following environments:

- In a dusty or damp environment,
- in buildings,
- in the open.

When properly installed in the open, the pumpmotor unit must be protected from exposure to intensive sunlight, e.g. by attaching a protective roof. Otherwise, no special protective devices against the effects of weathering are required. The drive motors of the pump-motor units have the following design:

- with degree of protection IP54 (see rating plate)
- with tropicalized insulation.

Installation conditions:

The pump-motor unit must be installed as follows:

- on level surfaces
- at a maximum height of 1000 m above sea level. When installing at an altitude of more than 1,000 m above sea level first inquire with the Service Department.

Minimum distances:

To ensure sufficient cooling of the pump-motor unit it is absolutely necessary that the required minimum distances to the fan guard and to the face of the vacuum pump/compressor cover be maintained. see Chapter 3.1 "Mechanical data" Section "Minimum distances" Pg. 8.

The minimum distances to the face of the vacuum pump/compressor cover are especially important when installing on the vacuum pump/compressor cover or near a wall.

A CAUTION

To ensure sufficient cooling of the pumpmotor unit also observe the following:

- Ventilation screens and openings must remain clear.
- Discharge air of other units may not be directly sucked in again!

Noise radiation:

To reduce the noise radiation, the following must be observed:

- Do not mount pump-motor unit on noise conducting or noise-radiating parts (e.g. thin walls or sheet-metal plates).
- Provide pump-motor unit with sound-"insulating\intermediate layers (e.g. rubber buffers under the base of the pump-motor unit) if necessary.
- Install the pump-motor unit on a stable foundation or on a rigid mounting surface.
 This provides for smooth, low-vibration running of the pump-motor unit.



Components for reducing noise on the pumpmotor unit:

Mufflers

(included as standard equipment):
On delivery the pump-motor units are
equipped with attached mufflers as standard.
The noise radiation is considerably reduced by
the mufflers. See Fig. 2 to Fig. 8, Pg. 19.

Additional mufflers

(available as an option):

The additional mufflers enable a further noise reduction. They may only be used with free entry and exit of gases, i.e. with direct intake out of or direct feeding into the atmosphere without piping.

Noise protection hoods

(available as an option):

Noise protection hoods are suitable for installation in rooms and in the open. They reduce both the total sound pressure level and tonal components that are perceived as particularly annoying.

Installation variants/axis position:

Basically, when installing the pump-motor unit, the following variants are possible with a different axis position (horizontal or vertical):

- Horizontal installation
- Vertical installation on the vacuum pump/ compressor cover (cover installation")
- Vertical mounting on the wall
 Basically, all variants are possible with all type.

Exception:

With type EVSC-D97xx > EVSC-D99xx vertical installation on the vacuum pump/compressor cover (cover installation") is mandatory.

In addition, a distinction must be made between a design with and a design without a condensed water opening for the axis position:

- The pump-motor units without a condensed water opening can be installed and secured in any axis position.
- The pump-motor unit with a condensed water opening may only be installed and secured horizontally with the base at the bottom.

Horizontal installation

Screw the base of the pump-motor unit to the

surface with suitable mounting elements. Proceed as follows:

- Provide the base of the pump-motor unit with mounting holes.
- Select the suitable screw type.
- Screw the base of the pump-motor unit to the surface with the screws. When doing so, be sure to provide all mounting holes with screws!

Vertical installation on the vacuum pump/ compressor cover ("cover installation")

With vertical installation of the pump-motor unit with the vacuum pump/compressor cover facing downward, rubber feet must be used. Proceed as follows:

- The rubber feet are available as accessories.
 They are delivered in a set of 3.
 On the upper section they are provided wit stud bolts and on the lower section with a threaded hole.
- Mount the rubber feet on the pump-motor unit: Screw the stud bolts of the rubber feed into the holes on the face of the vacuum pump/compressor cover and tighten them.
- Mount the pump-motor unit together with the rubber feet on the installation surface:
 Select suitable mounting elements for the threaded hole. Screw the rubber feet to the surface or foundation via the threaded hole.

Vertical mounting on the wall

With vertical mounting of the pump-motor unit on the wall, the pump-motor unit is mounted via the holes in the base.

Proceed as follows:

- Position the pump-motor unit as close to the wall as possible on a stable supporting plate with sufficient load-bearing capacity.
 The pump-motor unit must be positioned with the base toward the wall.
- Provide the base of the pump-motor unit with mounting holes.
- Select the suitable screw type.
- Screw the base of the pump-motor unit to the wall with the screws. When doing so, be sure to provide all mounting holes with screws!
- Remove the supporting plate.

Eye bolt:

After installation the eye bolt can be removed.



5.2 Electrical connection (motor)

⚠ DANGER

Electrical danger!

Malpractice can result in severe injuries and material damage!

⚠ DANGER

Electrical danger!

The electrical connection may be carried out by trained and authorized electricians only!

⚠ DANGER

Electrical danger!

Before beginning work on the unit or system, the following measures must be carried out:

- Deenergize.
- Secure against being switched on again.
- Determine whether deenergized.
- · Ground and short-circuit.
- Cover or block off adjacent energized parts.

A CAUTION

Incorrect connection of the motor can lead to serious damage to the unit!

Regulations:

The electrical connection must be carried out as follows:

- according to the applicable national and local laws and regulations,
- according to the applicable systemdependent prescriptions and requirements,
- according to the applicable regulations of the utility company.

Electrical power supply:

Observe the rating plate.

It is imperative that the operating conditions correspond to the data given on the rating plate!

Deviations permissible without reduction in performance:

- ±5 % voltage deviation
- ±2 % frequency deviation

Connection to drive-motor terminal box:

Open the required cable entry openings on the terminal box. Here the following two cases are differentiated:

- The cable entry opening is prefabricated and provided with a sealing plug.
- Screw out sealing plug.

OR

- The cable entry opening is closed off with a casting skin (only on pump-motor units with drive-motor axis heights of 100 to 160 in standard design).
- Break out casting skin using a suitable tool. For example, use a metal pin with a corresponding diameter or a chisel and hammer.

A CAUTION

When pounding out the casting skin on the cable entry openings in the terminal box, the terminal box or its parts can be damaged (e.g. terminal board, cable connections).

Proceed with suitable caution and precision when doing so! Prevent flash formation!

Mount cable glands on the terminal box. Proceed as follows:

- Select one cable gland in each case which is suitable for the cable diameter.
- Insert this cable gland in the opening of the terminal box.

Use a reducer if necessary.

 Screw on the cable gland so that no moisture, dirt etc. can penetrate into the terminal box.
 Carry out the connection and the arrangement of the jumpers in accordance with the circuit diagram in the terminal box.

Connect the protective conductor to the terminal with the following symbol:



The electrical connection must be carried out as follows:

- The electrical connection must be permanently safe.
- There may be no protruding wire ends.
- Clearance between bare live parts and between bare live parts and ground: ≥ 5.5 mm (at a nominal voltage of UN ≤ 690V).



- For the tightening torques for terminal board connections (except terminal strips), see Chapter 3.1, "Mechanical data", Section "Tightening torques for screw connections", Pg. 11.
- For terminals with clamping straps (e.g. as per DIN 46282), the conductors must be inserted so that approximately the same clamping height results on both sides of the bar. Individual conductors must therefore be bent into a U-shape or connected with a cable lug (DIN 46234).

This also applies to:

- the protective conductor,
- the outer ground conductor.

Both conductors can be recognized from their color (green/yellow).

⚠ DANGER

Electrical danger!

The terminal box must be free from

- foreign bodies,
- dirt,
- · humidity.

Terminal box cover and cable entries must be tightly closed so as to make them dustproof and waterproof. Check for tightness at regular intervals

A DANGER

Electrical danger!

Clearance between bare live parts and between bare live parts and ground: at least 5.5 mm (at a nominal voltage of UN ≤ 690V).

There may be no protruding wire ends!

For motor overload protection:

- · Use motor circuit breakers.
- This must be adjusted to the specified nominal current (see rating plate).

A DANGER

Electrical danger!

There is danger of an electrical shock when a defective pump-motor unit is touched!

Mount motor circuit breaker.

Have electrical equipment checked regularly by an electrician.

Interference immunity of drive motor:

For drive motors with integrated sensors, the operator must provide for a sufficient interference immunity itself. Select a suitable sensor signal cable (e.g. with screening, connection as for a motor power-supply cable) and analyzing unit.

Operation with frequency converter:

With a power supply by a frequency converter, the following must be observed:

- High-frequency current and voltage harmonics in the motor supply cables can lead to emitted electromagnetic interference.
 This is dependent on the converter design (type, manufacturer, interference suppression
- Be sure to observe the EMC notes of the converter manufacturer!
- Use screened power supply cables if necessary.

measures).

For optimal screening, the screen must be conductively connected over a large area to the metal terminal box of the drive motor with a screwed metal gland.

- In the case of drive motors with integrated sensors (e.g. PTC thermistors) interference voltage can occur on the sensor cable depending on the converter type.
- Limit speed: see specifications on the rating plate.



5.3 Connecting pipes/hoses (vacuum pump/compressor)

Mufflers:

The pump-motor units are delivered mufflers (indicated with arrows in the illustrations) for the inlet and discharge connections as standard equipment.

On delivery the mufflers are already on the following pump-motor units

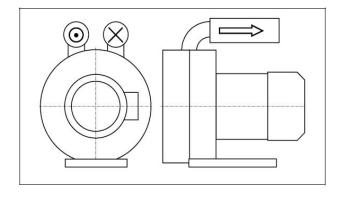


Fig. 5: two-impeller pump-motor unit with double-flow design

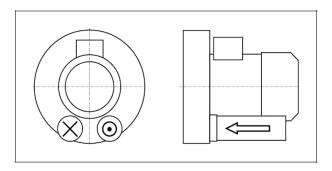


Fig. 2: single-impeller pump-motor units

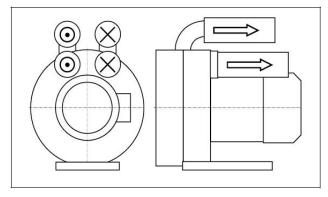


Fig. 6: two-impeller pump-motor unit with double-flow design

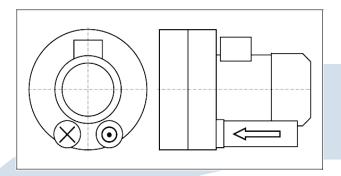


Fig. 3: two-impeller pump-motor unit with double-flow design

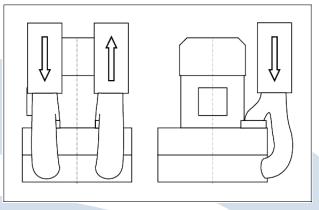


Fig. 7: two-impeller pump-motor unit with double-flow design

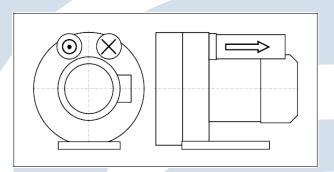


Fig. 4: two-impeller pump motor unit with double-flow design

On two-impeller pump-motor units with a two-stage design of the types EVSC-D20xx > EVSC-D93xx the discharge-side muffler is included loose for packing-related reasons and must be mounted by the customer.



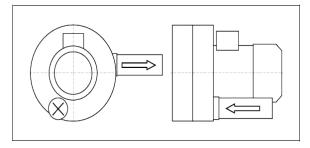


Fig. 8: two-impeller pump-motor units with a two-stage

⚠ CAUTION

Danger from rotating impeller: Cutting/cutting of off extremities!

The rotating impeller is accessible with the inlet and discharge connections open!
With free entry and exit of gases, i.e. with direct intake out of or direct feeding into the atmosphere without piping, the following therefore applies:

Provide the inlet and discharge connections of the pump-motor unit either with additional mufflers or with additional piping of a sufficient length to prevent access to the impeller!

Connections:

To prevent foreign bodies from entering the unit, all connections are sealed off when delivered. Do not remove the sealing plugs until immediately before connecting the pipes/hoses. The following applies for the arrangement of the pipe/hose connections:

The pumped gases are sucked in via the inlet connection and discharged via the discharge connection

The shaft rotating direction is marked with an arrow on the back of the vacuum pump/compressor housing (Fig. 1, Pg. 2, Item 7). The delivery direction of the gases is marked with arrows on both connections (Fig. 1, Pg. 2, Item 6).

↑ WARNING

Danger from interchanging inlet and pressure line!

Interchanged inlet and pressure lines can lead to damage to the pump-motor unit and the system, and as a result of this to serious injuries!

Make sure that the inlet and pressure line cannot be confused when connecting. Look for the clear marking with the arrow indicating the delivery direction on the inlet and discharge connections.

MARNING

Danger due to vacuum and gauge pressure!

Danger due to escaping fluid!

During operation, connected pipes and vessels are vacuumized or pressurized! Use only mounting elements, connections, lines, fittings and containers with sufficient freedom from leaks and strength for the pressures which occur.

Make sure that the mounting elements and connections are mounted sufficiently firmly and leak-free!

NOTICE

Attach pipes/hoses free of mechanical tensions. Support the weight of the pipes/hoses.

5.3.1 Inlet connection

The inlet connection with the related muffler (Fig. 1, Pg. 2, Item 3) is marked with an arrow pointing into the vacuum pump/compressor. Connect the inlet pipe here. The pumped gases are sucked in via this.



A CAUTION

Danger from solid bodies and impurities in the pump-motor unit!

If solid bodies penetrate into the pump-motor unit, blades of the impellers can break and broken pieces can be thrown out.
Install a filter in the inlet pipe.
Replace filter regularly!

5.3.2 Discharge connection

The discharge connection with the related muffler is marked with an arrow pointing out of the vacuum pump/compressor. Connect the discharge pipe here. The pumped gases are discharged via this.

5.3.3 Procedure when connecting pipes/ hoses

Attach the pipes/hoses to the unit as described in the following. The pipes/hoses are connected differently to inlet and discharge connections depending on the muffler design and the type of line (pipe or hose):

Muffler with inside threads:

• The pipe is screwed directly into the muffler.

Muffler without inside thread:

- Screw threaded flange (available as an accessory) onto the muffler.
- Screw the pipe into the threaded flange.

Hose connection:

- Screw hose flange (available as an accessory) onto the muffler.
- Push the hose onto the hose flange and secure it with a hose clamp.

Mechanical data "Section "Tightening torques for screw connections.Pg. 11 for information on this topic.

6 Commissioning

A CAUTION

Improper use of the unit can result in serious or even fatal injuries!

Have you read the safety precautions in Chapter 1, "Safety", Pg. 3? Otherwise you many not carry out any work with or on the pump-motor unit!

A CAUTION

Danger from rotating parts (external fan, impeller, shaft); cutting/cutting off of extremities; grasping/winding up of hair and clothing!

Danger due to vacuum and gauge pressure; sudden escape of fluids (skin and eye injuries); sudden drawing in of hair and clothing!

Danger due to escaping fluid: Burns!

Start-up and operation only under the following conditions:

The pump-motor unit must be completely assembled. When doing so, pay particular attention to the following components:

- the vacuum pump/compressor cover,
- the muffler on inlet and discharge connections,
- the fan guard.
- The pipes/hoses must be connected to inlet " and discharge connections.
- Inlet and discharge connections and the " connected pipes/hoses may not be closed, clogged or soiled.
- Check the mounting elements of the pipe/ hose connections, lines, fittings and containers for strength, leaks and firm seating at regular intervals.



6.1 Preparation

A CAUTION

Danger from closed connections!

With closed/soiled intake or discharge connections vacuum or gauge pressure results in the pump-motor unit. This can overheat and damage the drive motor winding. Before start-up, make sure that the inlet and discharge connections are not closed, clogged or soiled!

⚠ CAUTION

Before starting up again after a longer standstill:

Measure the insulation resistance of the motor. With values $\leq 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ per volt of nominal voltage, the winding is too dry.

Measures before start-up:

- If a shut-off device is installed in the discharge pipe: Make sure that the unit is NOT operated with the shut-off device closed.
- Before starting up the pump-motor unit observe the values specified on the rating plate.
- Specifications on the drive-motor nominal current apply at a gas entry and ambient temperature of +40°C.
- Adjust the motor circuit breaker to the drivemotor nominal current. "

Check direction of rotation:

- The intended rotating direction of the shaft is marked with arrows on the vacuum pump/ compressor housing.
- The gas delivery direction is marked with arrows on the inlet and discharge connections.
- Make sure the pipes/hoses on the inlet and discharge connections are properly connected.
- Switch the pump-motor unit on briefly and then off again.
- Compare the actual rotating direction of the external fan with the intended shaft rotating direction indicated with the arrows shortly before the pump-motor unit comes to a standstill.
- If necessary, reverse the direction of rotation of the motor.

↑ WARNING

Danger due to rotating parts! Danger due to vacuum and gauge pressure! Danger due to escaping fluid!

Test runs may also only be conducted with the pump-motor unit completely mounted.

⚠ DANGER

Electrical danger!

The electrical connection may be carried out by trained and authorized electricians only!

A DANGER

Electrical danger!

Before beginning work on the unit or system, the following measures must be carried out:

- · Deenergize.
- Secure against being switched on again.
- Determine whether deenergized.
- · Ground and short-circuit.
- Cover or block off adjacent energized parts.

Check operating speeds:

Observe the operating speed specified on the rating plate. This may not be exceeded, as otherwise the noise radiation, vibration behavior, grease consumption duration and bearing change interval worsen. To prevent damage as a result of higher speeds, it may be necessary to inquire with the Service Department as to the maximum speed.



MARNING MARNING

Danger of hearing damage due to noise radiation!

For the noise emission of the pump-motor unit measured by the manufacturer, see catalog.

However, the actual noise emission during operation is highly dependent on the installation and system conditions. Conduct a noise measurement in the system during operation after installing the pump-motor unit.

The following measures can be taken from 85 dB(A) and must be taken from 90 dB(A):

- · Mark noise area with a warning sign.
- · Wear hearing protection.
- With free entry and exit of gases, i.e. with direct intake out of or direct feeding into the atmosphere without piping, attach an additional muffler.

6.2 Start-up and shut-down

Start-up

- Open shut-off device in intake/discharge pipe
- Switch on power supply for drive motor.

Shut-down:

- Switch off power supply for drive motor.
- Close shut-off device in intake/discharge pipe.

7 Operation

↑ WARNING

Improper use of the unit can result in serious or even fatal injuries!

Have you read the safety precautions in Chapter 1, "Safety", Pg. 3?

Otherwise you many not carry out any work with or on the pump-motor unit!

Also be sure to read the safety precautions in Chapter 6, "Commissioning", Pg. 21!

Starting up and shutting down

See Chapter 6, "Commissioning", Sub-Chapter 6.2, "Start-up and shut-down", Pg. 23. Also be sure to observe the following important notes especially for operation

↑ WARNING

Danger of burns from hot surfaces of the pump-motor unit and from hot fluids!

High temperatures of up to approx. 160°C can occur on the surface of the pump motor unit

Do not touch during operation! Allow to cool after shut-down!

A CAUTION

Danger of overheating due to hot surface of pump-motor unit!

High temperatures of up to approx. 160°C can occur on the surface of the pump motor unit.

Temperature sensitive parts, such as lines or electronic components, may not come into contact with the surface of the pump-motor unit

A CAUTION

Danger of overheating!

During operation the standstill heating may, if installed, not be switched on!

A CAUTION

Danger of rusting due to collection of condensed water in drive motor area!

On drive motors with closed condensed water openings: Remove closures occasionally to allow any water which has collected to drain off.

A CAUTION

Danger of bearing damage!

Heavy mechanical impacts must be avoided during operating and while at a standstill.



8 Shut-down and longer standstills

8.1 Preparing for shut-down or longer standstill

⚠ WARNING

Improper use of the unit can result in serious or even fatal injuries!

Have you read the safety precautions in Chapter 1, "Safety", Pg. 3?

Otherwise you many not carry out any work with or on the pump-motor unit!

A CAUTION

Danger of rusting due to collection of condensed water in drive motor area!

On drive motors with closed condensed water openings:

Remove closures occasionally to allow any water which has collected to drain off.

A CAUTION

Danger of bearing damage!

Heavy mechanical impacts must be avoided during operating and while at a standstill.

Prior to shut-down or longer standstill, proceed as follows:

- Switch off the pump-motor unit.
- Close shut-off device in inlet and pressure line if installed.
- Disconnect pump-motor unit from power supply.
- · Release pressure.

When doing so, open pipes/hoses slowly and carefully so that the vacuum or gauge pressure in the pump-motor unit can be released.

- Remove pipes/hoses.
- Provide mufflers on inlet and discharge side with sealing plugs.

8.2 Storage conditions

To prevent standstill damage during storage, the environment must provide the following conditions:

- dry,
- dust-free.
- low-vibration (Veff ≤ 2,8 mm/s).
- Ambient temperature: max. 40 °C.

A CAUTION

Danger of overheating due to high temperature!

When storing in an environment with a temperature of over 40 °C, the winding may be damaged and the grease change interval may be shortened.

Lubrication of rolling bearings after longer storage:

The new pump-motor unit may at first be stored following delivery. If the time from deliver to commissioning exceeds the following periods, the lubrication of the rolling bearings must be renewed:

- Under advantageous storage conditions (as specified above): 4 years.
- Under disadvantageous storage conditions (e.g. high humidity, salty air, sandy or dusty air): 2 years.

In these cases open rolling bearings must be relubricated and closed rolling bearings must be completely replaced. In this case be sure to inquire with the Service Department. In particular, exact information with regard to the procedure and grease type are required.



MARNING

Improper use of the unit can result in serious or even fatal injuries!

All maintenance work on the pump-motor unit must always be performed by the Service Department!

Maintenance work on the pump-motor unit may only be conducted by the operator itself when the related maintenance manual on hand! Inquire with the Service Department!

Commissioning after longer standstill:

Before recommissioning after a longer standstill, measure the insulation resistance of the drive motor. With values $\leq 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ per volt of nominal voltage, the winding is too dry.

9 Servicing

⚠ WARNING

Improper use of the unit can result in serious or even fatal injuries!

Have you read the safety precautions in Chapter 1, "Safety", Pg. 3?
Otherwise you many not carry out any w

Otherwise you many not carry out any work with or on the pump-motor unit!

↑ WARNING

Improper use of the unit can result in serious or even fatal injuries!

All maintenance work on the pump-motor unit must always be performed by the Service Department!

Maintenance work on the pump-motor unit may only be conducted by the operator itself when the related maintenance manual on hand! Inquire with the Service Department!



9.1 Repairs/troubleshooting

Fault	Cause	Remedy	Carried out by
Motor does not start; no motor noise	At least two power supply leads interrupted.	Eliminate interruption by fuses, terminals or power supply cables.	Electrician
Motor does not start;	One power supply lead interrupted.	Eliminate interruption by fuses, terminals or power supply cables.	Electrician
humming noise.	Impeller is jammed.	Open vacuum pump/compressor cover, remove foreign body, clean.	Service
	Impeller defective.	Replace impeller	Service*)
	Rolling bearing on drive motor side or vacuum pump/compressor side defective.	Replace motor bearing or vacuum pump/compressor bearing.	Service*)
Protective motor	Winding shortcircuit.	Have winding checked.	Electrician
switch trips when motor is switched	Motor overloaded. Throttling does not	Reduce throttling	Service*)
on Power consumption too	match specification on rating plate.	Clean filters, mufflers and connection pipes if necessary.	Service*)
high.	Compressor is jammed.	See fault: "Motor does not start; humming noise." with cause: "Impeller is jammed.	Service*)
Pump-motor unit	Leak in system.	Seal leak in the system.	Operator
does not generate any or generates	Wrong direction of rotation	Reverse direction of rotation by interchanging two connecting leads.	Electrician
insufficient pressure difference.	Incorrect frequency (on units with frequency converter).	Correct frequency.	Electrician
	Shaft seal defective.	Replace shaft seal.	Service*)
	Different density of pumped gas.	Take conversion of pressure values into account. Inquire with Service Department.	Service
	Change in blade profile due to soiling.	Clean impeller, check for wear and replace if necessary.	Service*)
Abnormal Operator flow noises.	Flow speed too high.	Clean pipes. Use pipe with larger cross-section if necessary.	Operator
	Muffler soiled.	Clean muffler inserts, check condition and replace if necessary.	Service*)
Abnormal running noise	Ball bearing lacking grease or defective.	Regrease or replace ball bearing.	Service*)
Compressor leaky.	Seals on muffler defective.	Check muffler seals and replace if necessary.	Service*)
	Seals in motor area defective.	Check muffler seals and replace if necessary.	Service

^{*)} Only when the maintenance manual is at hand: rectification by the operator.



9.2 Service/After-sales service

Our Service is available for work (in particular the installation of spare parts, as well as maintenance and repair work), not described in these operating instruction.

A list of spare parts with an exploded drawing is available Chapter 11, Pg. 28

Observe the following when returning pump motor unit

- The pump-motor unit must be delivered complete, i.e. not dismantled.
- The pump-motor unit may not present a danger to the workshop personnel.

If the pump-motor unit has come into contact with dangerous substances, then follow the procedure described in Chapter 9.3,

 The original rating plate of the pump-motor unit must be properly mounted, intact and legible.

All warranty claims are voided for pumpmotor units delivered for a damage expertise without the original rating plate or with a destroyed original rating plate.

 In case of warranty claims, the manufacturer must be informed of the operating conditions, operating duration etc. and additional detailed information provided on request if necessary..

9.3 Decontamination and Declaration of Clearance

⚠ WARNING

Danger from flammable, caustic or toxic substances!

To protect the environment and persons, the following applies:

Pump-motor unit which have come into contact with dangerous substances must always be decontaminated before being passed on to workshop.

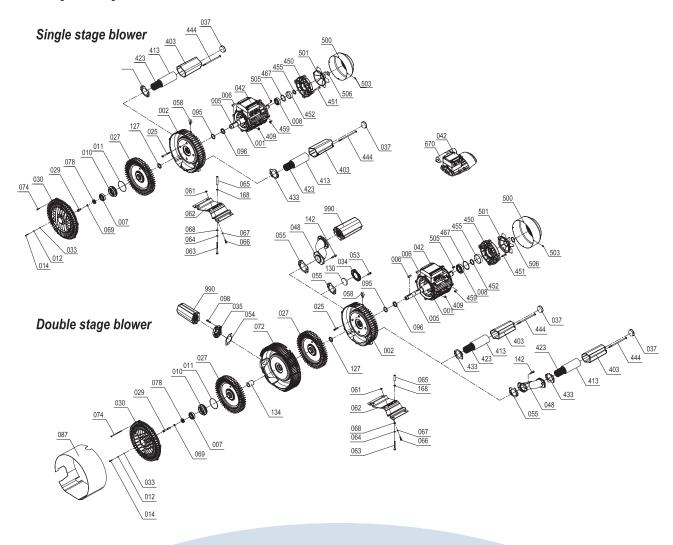
To provide proof that the decontamination carried out, a so-called declaration of decontamination must be included with the pump motor unit on delivery to the workshop. The form required for this purpose is available at the Service Department or on the Eurovacuum website.

10 Disposal

Have the entire pump-motor unit scrapped by a suitable disposal company. For additional information on disposing of unit, check the regulations set by your local government.



11 Spare part list



001	Motor housing complete	055	Gasket	168	Washer
002	Blower housing	058	Lifting eye bolts	403	Silencer housing
005	Motor rotor	061	Square nut	409	Nut
006	Parallel key	062	Base	413	Silencer inset
007	Deep groove ball bearing	063	Screw	423	net pipe
800	Deep groove ball bearing	064	Spring lock washer	433	Gasket
010	Bearing cover complete	065	Sleeve	444	Screw
011	O-ring	066	Screw	450	End shield
012	Washer	067	Spring lock washer	451	Screw
014	Screw	068	Washer	452	Rotary shaft lip type seal
025	Screw	069	Spring lock washer	455	Spring strap
027	Impeller	072	Centre section	459	Mut
029	Screw	074	Screw	467	Spring lock washer
030	Blower cover	078	Washer	500	fan cowl
033	O-ring	087	Blower cowl	501	External fan
034	Flange	095	Felt ring	503	Screw
035	Flange	096	Rotary shaft lip type seal	505	Parallel key
037	cap	098	Screw	506	Retaining ring
042	Terminal box, complete	127	Washer	670	Capacitor
048	S-pipe	130 I	Filler	990	Silencer complete
053	Screw	134 9	sleeve		
054 (Gasket	142 3	Screw		